

True Near-Miss Study

True Near-Miss Detection displays data from connected vehicles equipped with Advanced Driver Assist Systems (ADAS). Sensors and onboard control systems detect and classify objects, determine the risk of a collision, and act to either alert the driver or automatically apply the brakes.

True Near-Misses are classified as follows:

- Collision Warnings: An alert was triggered, and the object is either a pedestrian or a vehicle
- Automatic Braking: The calculated risk warranted an intervention, and braking action was taken to reduce the severity of a collision

True Near Miss is currently displayed on all road classifications. The City of Pleasanton will only focus on city-owned right-of-way for their safety plan.

VRU Index is a dataset that identifies the presence of Vulnerable Road Users (VRUs) using location-based data. This data is represented as an index, meaning the relative value of an area compared to the overall region.

Speed Distribution Profile (SDP) uses observed speeds to provide true historical average speeds. The map currently displays the percent of observed speeds that are 10 mph+ the posted speed limit.